



San José, Costa Rica

October 8<sup>th</sup>, 2019

**WORLD BANK**  
**Delegate to the PRE-COP**  
**UNFCCC**

Mr./Ms. Delegate,

With reference to the Caribbean Coast Emission Reduction Programme of Nicaragua (ER-PD), submitted to the Forest Carbon Partnership Facility (FCPF) and provisionally approved by the Resolution CFM/20/2019/4, issued during the 20<sup>th</sup> meeting of the Carbon Fund (FC20), the Cocibolca Group would like to express its concern regarding the inability of the government of Nicaragua to appropriately carry out the program due the gravity of the human rights and social crisis that the country is facing since April 2018.

The current crisis has been generated due the progressive weakening of the country's democratic institutions and the elimination of the mechanisms of citizen participation and accountability established in national laws. This situation, together with repeated violations of human rights and civil liberties, accumulated tensions that emerged as social mobilizations of different sectors (mainly youth, women and farmers organizations), many of which took place in the areas of intervention of the ER-PD Nicaragua.

Moreover, the deficient government response to the forest fire that affected the core zone of the Indio Maíz Biological Reserve in April 2018, and the reforms to the Social Security System without any consultation, also decided in April, resulted in a series of civil demonstrations which then have been brutally repressed by the regime of Nicaragua through the national police corps and paramilitary shock forces, using disproportionate violence against civil and peaceful demonstrations.

These events have been widely documented and reported by the *UN High Commissioner for Human Rights*<sup>1</sup>, the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights (IACHR)<sup>2</sup>, and Amnesty International (AI)<sup>3</sup>. These reports agreed that the national authorities' response to the wave of citizen protests, through joint actions between police, paramilitary forces and other pro-government armed groups, has been using excessive violence and has been continuously violating international law and human rights.

Among the broadly documented human rights violations currently taking place in Nicaragua are: murders, extrajudicial executions, forced disappearances, obstruction of access to medical care, ill-

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<sup>1</sup> [https://reliefweb.int/sites/reliefweb.int/files/resources/A\\_HRC\\_42\\_18\\_EN.pdf](https://reliefweb.int/sites/reliefweb.int/files/resources/A_HRC_42_18_EN.pdf)

<sup>2</sup> <https://www.oas.org/en/iachr/reports/pdfs/Nicaragua2018-en.pdf>

<sup>3</sup> <https://www.amnesty.org/download/Documents/AMR4392132018ENGLISH.PDF>

